#### O. SUBJECT 091 — VFR COMMUNICATIONS

Syllabus reference		Syllabus details and associated Learning Objectives	Aerop	lane	He	IR		
			ATPL	CPL	ATPL/ IR	ATPL	CPL	
090 00 00 00		COMMUNICATIONS						
091 00 00 00		VFR COMMUNICATIONS						
091 01 00 00		DEFINITIONS						
091 01 01 00		Meanings and significance of associated terms						
ı	LO	Stations.	Х	х	Х	Х	х	
I	LO	Communication methods.	Х	х	х	х	х	
091 01 02 00		Air Traffic Services abbreviations						
	LO	Define commonly used Air Traffic Control abbreviations:  — flight conditions;  — airspace;  — services;  — time;  — miscellaneous.	х	x	х	х	х	
091 01 03 00		Q-code groups commonly used in RTF air-						
		ground communications						
	LO	Define Q-code groups commonly used in RTF air-to-ground communications:  — pressure settings;  — directions and bearings.	х	Х	х	х	х	
I	LO	State the procedure for obtaining bearing information in flight.	Х	х	х	Х	х	
091 01 04 00		Categories of messages						
I	LO	List the categories of messages in order of priority.	х	х	Х	х	Х	
I	LO	Identify the types of messages appropriate to each category.	Х	х	х	Х	х	
1	LO	List the priority of a message (from given examples of messages to compare).	х	х	х	х	х	
091 02 00 00		GENERAL OPERATING PROCEDURES						
091 02 01 00		Transmission of letters						
I	LO	State the phonetic alphabet used in radio- telephony.	Х	х	х	Х	х	

Syllabus reference		Syllabus details and associated Learning Objectives	Aerop	lane	Н	elicopte	•	IR
			ATPL	CPL	ATPL/ IR	ATPL	CPL	
	LO	Identify the occasions when words should be spelt.	Х	х	Х	Х	х	
091 02 02 00		Transmission of numbers (including level information)						
	LO	Describe the method of transmission of numbers:  — pronunciation;  — single digits, whole hundreds and whole thousands.	Х	х	Х	Х	х	
091 02 03 00		Transmission of time						
	LO	Describe the ways of transmitting time:  — standard time reference (UTC);  — minutes, minutes and hours, when required.	х	х	х	х	Х	
091 02 04 00		Transmission technique						
	LO	Explain the techniques used for making good R/T transmissions.	Х	х	х	х	х	
091 02 05 00		Standard words and phrases (relevant RTF phraseology included)						
	LO	Define the meaning of 'standard words and phrases'.	х	x	х	х	x	
	LO	Use correct phraseology for each phase of VFR flight.	Х	х	х	х	х	
	LO	Aerodrome procedures:  — departure information;  — taxiing instructions;  — aerodrome traffic and circuits;  — final approach and landing;  — after landing;  — essential aerodrome information.	х	x	х	х	x	
	LO	VFR departure.	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
	LO	VFR arrival.	Х	Х	х	х	Х	
091 02 06 00		Radio-telephony call signs for aeronautical stations including use of abbreviated call signs						
	LO	Name the two parts of the call sign of an aeronautical station.	х	Х	х	х	Х	

Syllabus reference		Syllabus details and associated Learning Objectives	Aerop	lane	Н	elicopte	r	IR
			ATPL	CPL	ATPL/ IR	ATPL	CPL	-
	LO	Identify the call-sign suffixes for aeronautical stations.	Х	х	Х	Х	х	
	LO	Explain when the call sign may be omitted or abbreviated to the use of suffix only.	Х	х	Х	Х	х	
091 02 07 00		Radio-telephony call signs for aircraft including use of abbreviated call signs						
	LO	List the three different ways to compose an aircraft call sign.	Х	х	х	х	х	
	LO	Describe the abbreviated forms for aircraft call signs.	Х	х	х	х	х	
	LO	Explain when aircraft call signs may be abbreviated.	Х	х	х	х	х	
091 02 08 00		Transfer of communication						
	LO	Describe the procedure for transfer of communication:  — by ground station;  — by aircraft.	х	х	х	х	x	
091 02 09 00		Test procedures including readability scale						
	LO	Explain how to test radio transmission and reception.	Х	х	х	х	х	
	LO	State the readability scale and explain its meaning.	Х	х	х	х	х	
091 02 10 00		Read-back and acknowledgement requirements						
	LO	State the requirement to read back ATC route clearances.	Х	х	х	х	х	
	LO	State the requirement to read back clearances related to the runway in use.	х	х	х	х	х	
	LO	State the requirement to read back other clearances including conditional clearances.	Х	х	х	х	х	
	LO	State the requirement to read back other data such as runway, SSR codes, etc.	Х	Х	х	х	Х	

Syllabus reference	Syllabus details and associated Objectives	Learning	Aerop	lane	Н	elicopte	r	IR
			ATPL	CPL	ATPL/ IR	ATPL	CPL	-
091 02 11 00	Radar procedural phraseology							
	Use the correct phraseology for all receiving a radar service:  — radar identification;  — radar vectoring;  — traffic information and avoid — SSR procedures.		х	х	х	х	х	
091 03 00 00	RELEVANT WEATHER INFORMATION (VFR)	ON						
091 03 01 00	Aerodrome weather							
L	List the contents of aerodrome reports and state units of measused for each item:  - wind direction and speed; - variation of wind direct speed; - visibility; - present weather; - cloud amount and type (the meaning of CAVOK); - air temperature and dew portion of the meaning of CAVOK); - supplementary infortion (aerodrome warnings, runway, runway corestrictions, obstructions, shear warnings, etc.).	ion and including oint; cormation landing	X	x	x	x	x	
091 03 02 00	Weather broadcast							
L	List the sources of weather info	ormation	Х	х	х	х	х	
L	Explain the meaning of the a 'ATIS', 'VOLMET'.	icronyms	Х	х	х	х	х	
091 04 00 00	ACTION REQUIRED TO BE TAKEN OF COMMUNICATION FAILURE	IN CASE						
L	State the action to be taken in communication failure on a control flight.		Х	х	х	х	х	
L	Identify the frequencies to be us attempt to establish communication		Х	х	х	х	х	

Syllabus reference	Syllabus details and associated Learning Objectives	Aerop	lane	Не	elicoptei	,	IR
		ATPL	CPL	ATPL/ IR	ATPL	CPL	-
LO	State the additional information that should be transmitted in the event of receiver failure.	х	х	х	Х	х	
LO	Identify the SSR code that may be used to indicate communication failure.	Х	х	х	Х	х	
LO	Explain the action to be taken by a pilot with communication failure in the aerodrome traffic pattern at controlled aerodromes.	х	х	х	х	х	
091 05 00 00	DISTRESS AND URGENCY PROCEDURES						
091 05 01 00	Distress (definition, frequencies, watch of distress frequencies, distress signal, distress message)						
LO	State the DISTRESS procedures.	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	
LO	Define DISTRESS.	х	х	х	х	Х	
LO	Identify the frequencies that should be used by aircraft in DISTRESS.	Х	х	х	Х	х	
LO	Specify the emergency SSR codes that may be used by aircraft, and the meaning of the codes.	х	х	х	Х	х	
LO	Describe the action to be taken by the station which receives a DISTRESS message.	Х	х	х	Х	х	
LO	Describe the action to be taken by all other stations when a DISTRESS procedure is in progress.	х	х	х	х	х	
LO	List the content of a DISTRESS signal/message in the correct sequence.	Х	х	х	Х	х	
091 05 02 00	Urgency (definition, frequencies, urgency signal, urgency message)						
LO	State the URGENCY procedures.	Х	х	х	х	Х	
LO	Define URGENCY.	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	
LO	Identify the frequencies that should be used by aircraft in URGENCY.	Х	х	х	Х	Х	

Syllabus reference		Syllabus details and associated Learning Objectives	Aerop	lane	Н	elicoptei	r	IR
		·	ATPL	CPL	ATPL/ IR	ATPL	CPL	•
	LO	Describe the action to be taken by the station which receives an URGENCY message.	Х	х	х	X	х	
	LO	Describe the action to be taken by all other stations when an URGENCY procedure is in progress.	Х	х	х	Х	х	
	LO	List the content of an URGENCY signal/message in the correct sequence.	Х	х	Х	Х	х	
091 06 00 00		GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF VHF PROPAGATION AND ALLOCATION OF FREQUENCIES						
	LO	Describe the radio-frequency spectrum with particular reference to VHF.	Х	х	Х	Х	х	
	LO	Describe the radio-frequency spectrum of the bands into which the radio-frequency spectrum is divided.	Х	х	х	Х	х	
	LO	Identify the frequency range of the VHF band.	Х	х	Х	Х	х	
	LO	Name the band normally used for Aeronautical Mobile Service voice communication.	х	х	х	х	х	
	LO	State the frequency separation allocated between consecutive VHF frequencies.	Х	х	х	Х	х	
	LO	Describe the propagation characteristics of radio transmissions in the VHF band.	Х	х	Х	Х	х	
	LO	Describe the factors which reduce the effective range and quality of radio transmissions.	х	х	х	х	х	
	LO	State which of these factors apply to the VHF band.	Х	х	х	х	х	
	LO	Calculate the effective range of VHF transmissions assuming no attenuating factors.	х	х	х	х	х	

#### P. SUBJECT 092 — IFR COMMUNICATIONS

Syllabus details and associated Learning Objectives	Aeroplane		He	elicoptei	r	IR
	ATPL	CPL	ATPL/ IR	ATPL	CPL	
COMMUNICATIONS						
IFR COMMUNICATIONS						
DEFINITIONS						
Meanings and significance of associated terms						
Stations.	х		х			х
Communication methods.	х		х			х
The terms used in conjunction with the approach and holding procedures.	Х		Х			х
Air Traffic Control abbreviations						
Define commonly used Air Traffic Control abbreviations:  — flight conditions;  — airspace;  — services;  — time;  — miscellaneous.	х		х			х
The additional IFR-related terms.	Х		Х			х
Q-code groups commonly used in RTF air—ground communications						
Define Q-code groups commonly used in RTF air-to-ground communications:  — pressure settings;  — directions and bearings.	X		х			х
State the procedure for obtaining a bearing information in flight.	х		х			х
Categories of messages						
List the categories of messages in order of priority.	Х		Х			х
Identify the types of messages appropriate to each category.	Х		х			х
List the priority of a message (given examples of messages to compare).	х		Х			х
	COMMUNICATIONS  IFR COMMUNICATIONS  DEFINITIONS  Meanings and significance of associated terms  Stations.  Communication methods.  The terms used in conjunction with the approach and holding procedures.  Air Traffic Control abbreviations  Define commonly used Air Traffic Control abbreviations:  — flight conditions; — airspace; — services; — time; — miscellaneous.  The additional IFR-related terms.  Q-code groups commonly used in RTF airground communications  Define Q-code groups commonly used in RTF air-ground communications: — pressure settings; — directions and bearings.  State the procedure for obtaining a bearing information in flight.  Categories of messages  List the categories of messages in order of priority.  Identify the types of messages appropriate to each category.  List the priority of a message (given	COMMUNICATIONS  IFR COMMUNICATIONS  DEFINITIONS  Meanings and significance of associated terms  Stations.  Communication methods.  The terms used in conjunction with the approach and holding procedures.  Air Traffic Control abbreviations  Define commonly used Air Traffic Control abbreviations:  — flight conditions; — airspace; — services; — time; — miscellaneous.  The additional IFR-related terms.  X  Q-code groups commonly used in RTF airground communications  Define Q-code groups commonly used in RTF airground communications: — pressure settings; — directions and bearings.  State the procedure for obtaining a bearing information in flight.  Categories of messages  List the categories of messages in order of priority.  Identify the types of messages appropriate to each category.  List the priority of a message (given X	Objectives  ATPL CPL  COMMUNICATIONS  IFR COMMUNICATIONS  DEFINITIONS  Meanings and significance of associated terms  Stations.  Communication methods.  The terms used in conjunction with the approach and holding procedures.  Air Traffic Control abbreviations  Define commonly used Air Traffic Control abbreviations:  — flight conditions; — airspace; — services; — time; — miscellaneous.  The additional IFR-related terms.  X  Q-code groups commonly used in RTF airground communications  Define Q-code groups commonly used in RTF air-to-ground communications:  — pressure settings; — directions and bearings.  State the procedure for obtaining a bearing information in flight.  Categories of messages  List the categories of messages in order of priority.  List the priority of a message (given ×	Objectives  ATPL CPL ATPL/IR  COMMUNICATIONS  IFR COMMUNICATIONS  DEFINITIONS  Meanings and significance of associated terms  Stations.  Communication methods.  The terms used in conjunction with the approach and holding procedures.  Air Traffic Control abbreviations  Define commonly used Air Traffic Control abbreviations:  — flight conditions; — airspace; — services; — time; — miscellaneous.  The additional IFR-related terms.  X  Q-code groups commonly used in RTF airground communications  Define Q-code groups commonly used in RTF air-to-ground communications: — pressure settings; — directions and bearings.  State the procedure for obtaining a bearing information in flight.  Categories of messages  List the categories of messages in order of priority.  List the priority of a message (given X X X	Objectives  ATPL CPL ATPL/ ATPL IR ATPL IR IR ATPL IR	Objectives  ATPL CPL ATPL/ IR ATPL CPL IR ATPL/ IR CPL IR COMMUNICATIONS  IFR COMMUNICATIONS  DEFINITIONS  Meanings and significance of associated terms  Stations.  Communication methods.  The terms used in conjunction with the approach and holding procedures.  Air Traffic Control abbreviations  Define commonly used Air Traffic Control abbreviations:  — flight conditions; — airspace; — services; — time; — miscellaneous.  The additional IFR-related terms.  X  Q-code groups commonly used in RTF airground communications  Define Q-code groups commonly used in RTF air-to-ground communications: — pressure settings; — directions and bearings.  State the procedure for obtaining a bearing information in flight.  Categories of messages  List the categories of messages appropriate to each category.  List the priority of a message (given X X X

Syllabus reference		Syllabus details and associated Learning Objectives	Aeroplane		Н	elicopter	•	IR
			ATPL	CPL	ATPL/ IR	ATPL	CPL	
092 02 00 00		GENERAL OPERATING PROCEDURES						
092 02 01 00		Transmission of letters						
	LO	State the phonetic alphabet used in radio- telephony.	х		х			Х
	LO	Identify the occasions when words should be spelt.	Х		Х			Х
092 02 02 00		Transmission of numbers (including level information)						
	LO	Describe the method of transmitting numbers:  — pronunciation;  — single digits, whole hundreds and whole thousands.	х		х			х
092 02 03 00		Transmission of time						
	LO	Describe the ways of transmitting time:  — standard time reference (UTC);  — minutes, minutes and hours, when required.	х		х			х
092 02 04 00		Transmission technique						
	LO	Explain the techniques used for making good R/T transmissions.	Х		х			х
092 02 05 00		Standard words and phrases (relevant RTF phraseology included)						
	LO	Define the meaning of 'standard words and phrases'.	х		х			Х
	LO	Use correct standard phraseology for each phase of IFR flight:  — pushback;  — IFR departure;  — airways clearances;  — position reporting;  — approach procedures;  — IFR arrivals.	х		х			X
092 02 06 00		Radio-telephony call signs for aeronautical stations including use of abbreviated call signs						

Syllabus reference		Syllabus details and associated Learning Objectives	Aerop	lane	Н	elicopte	r	IR
			ATPL	CPL	ATPL/ IR	ATPL	CPL	
	LO	Name the two parts of the call sign of an aeronautical station.	х		х			х
	LO	Identify the call-sign suffixes for aeronautical stations.	Х		Х			х
	LO	Explain when the call sign may be omitted or abbreviated to the use of suffix only.	х		х			х
	LO	Name the two parts of the call sign of an aeronautical station.	Х		х			х
	LO	Identify the call-sign suffixes for aeronautical stations.	Х		х			х
	LO	Explain when the call sign may be abbreviated to the use of suffix only.	Х		х			х
092 02 07 00		Radio-telephony call signs for aircraft including use of abbreviated call signs						
	LO	List the three different ways to compose an aircraft call sign.	Х		х			х
	LO	Describe the abbreviated forms for aircraft call signs.	Х		х			х
	LO	Explain when aircraft call signs may be abbreviated.	Х		х			х
	LO	Explain when the suffix 'HEAVY' should be used with an aircraft call sign.	Х		Х			х
	LO	Explain the use of the phrase 'Change your call sign to'.	Х		Х			х
	LO	Explain the use of the phrase 'Revert to flight plan call sign'.	Х		Х			х
092 02 08 00		Transfer of communication						
	LO	Describe the procedure for transfer of communication:  — by ground station;  — by aircraft.	х		х			х
092 02 09 00		Test procedures including readability scale; establishment of RTF communication						

Syllabus reference		Syllabus details and associated Learning Objectives	Aerop	lane	Н	elicopter	•	IR
			ATPL	CPL	ATPL/ IR	ATPL	CPL	
	LO	Explain how to test radio transmission and reception.	Х		Х			х
	LO	State the readability scale and explain its meaning.	Х		Х			х
092 02 10 00		Read-back and acknowledgement requirements						
	LO	State the requirement to read back ATC route clearances.	х		х			х
	LO	State the requirement to read back clearances related to runway in use.	Х		х			х
	LO	State the requirement to read back other clearances including conditional clearances.	Х		Х			Х
	LO	State the requirement to read back data such as runway, SSR codes, etc.	х		х			х
092 02 11 00		Radar procedural phraseology						
	LO	Use the correct phraseology for an aircraft receiving a radar service:  — radar identification;  — radar vectoring;  — traffic information and avoidance;  — SSR procedures.	х		х			х
092 02 12 00		Level changes and reports						
	LO	Use the correct term to describe vertical position:  — in relation to flight level (standard pressure setting);  — in relation to altitude (metres/feet on QNH);  — in relation to height (metres/feet on QFE).			х			х
092 03 00 00		ACTION REQUIRED TO BE TAKEN IN CASE OF COMMUNICATION FAILURE						
	LO	Describe the action to be taken in communication failure on an IFR flight.	х		х			х
	LO	Describe the action to be taken in case of communication failure on an IFR flight when flying in VMC and the flight will be terminated in VMC.	х		х			х

Syllabus reference		Objectives		lane	Helicopter			IR
			ATPL	CPL	ATPL/ IR	ATPL	CPL	-
	LO	Describe the action to be taken in case of communication failure on an IFR flight when flying in IMC.	х		х			х
092 04 00 00		DISTRESS AND URGENCY PROCEDURES						
092 04 01 00		PAN MEDICAL						
	LO	Describe the type of flights to which PAN MEDICAL applies.	х		x			х
	LO	List the content of a PAN MEDICAL message in correct sequence.	х		х			х
092 04 02 00		Distress (definition, frequencies, watch of distress frequencies, distress signal, distress message)						
	LO	State the DISTRESS procedures.	х		х			х
	LO	Define DISTRESS.	х		х			х
	LO	Identify the frequencies that should be used by aircraft in DISTRESS.	х		х			х
	LO	Specify the emergency SSR codes that may be used by aircraft, and the meaning of the codes.	х		х			х
	LO	Describe the action to be taken by the station which receives a DISTRESS message.	х		х			х
	LO	Describe the action to be taken by all other stations when a DISTRESS procedure is in progress.	х		х			х
	LO	List the content of a DISTRESS message.	х		х			х
092 04 03 00		Urgency (definition, frequencies, urgency signal, urgency message)						
	LO	State the URGENCY procedures.	х		х			х
	LO	Define URGENCY.	х		х			х
	LO	Identify the frequencies that should be used by aircraft in URGENCY.	х		х			х
	LO	Describe the action to be taken by the station which receives an URGENCY message.	х		х			х

Syllabus reference	Syllabus details and associated Learning Objectives	Aerop	lane	Н	elicopter	IR
		ATPL	CPL	ATPL/ IR	ATPL CP	L
L	Describe the action to be taken by all other stations when a DISTRESS procedure is in progress.	х		х		x
L(	List the content of an URGENCY signal/message in the correct sequence.	х		х		х
092 05 00 00	RELEVANT WEATHER INFORMATION TERM					
092 05 01 00	Aerodrome weather					
L	List the contents of aerodrome weather reports and state units of measurement used for each item:  — wind direction and speed; — variation of wind direction and speed; — visibility; — present weather; — cloud amount and type (including the meaning of CAVOK); — air temperature and dew point; — pressure values (QNH, QFE); — supplementary information (aerodrome warnings, landing runway, runway conditions, restrictions, obstructions, windshear warnings, etc.).			x		x
LC	State units for measurement used for runway visual range.	х		x		х
L	State units of measurement used for braking action (friction coefficient).	х		х		х
092 05 02 00	Weather broadcast					
LC	List the sources of weather information available for aircraft in flight.	х		Х		х
LC	Explain the meaning of the acronyms 'ATIS', 'VOLMET'.	х		х		х
L	Explain when aircraft routine meteorological observations should be made.	х		х		х
L(	Explain when aircraft special meteorological observations should be made.			х		X

Syllabus reference		Syllabus details and associated Learning Objectives	Aeroplane		Helicopter			IR
			ATPL	CPL	ATPL/ IR	ATPL	CPL	
092 06 00 00		GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF VHF PROPAGATION AND ALLOCATION OF FREQUENCIES						
	LO	Describe the radio-frequency spectrum with particular reference to VHF.	х		Х			x
	LO	State the names of the bands into which the radio-frequency spectrum is divided.	Х		Х			х
	LO	Identify the frequency range of the VHF band.	х		х			х
	LO	Name the band normally used for Aeronautical Mobile Service voice communications.	х		х			х
	LO	State the frequency separation allocated between consecutive VHF frequencies.	х		х			х
	LO	Describe the propagation characteristics of radio transmissions in the VHF band.	х		х			х
	LO	Describe the factors which reduce the effective range and quality of radio transmissions.	х		х			х
	LO	State which of these factors apply to the VHF band.	х		х			х
	LO	Calculate the effective range of VHF transmissions assuming no attenuating factors.	х		х			х
092 07 00 00		MORSE CODE						
	LO	Identify radio-navigation aids (VOR, DME, NDB, ILS) from their Morse-code identifiers.	х	х	х	Х	х	х
	LO	SELCAL, TCAS, ACARS phraseology and procedures.	х	х	х	Х	х	х

#### (b) Airship

#### SYLLABUS OF THEORETICAL KNOWLEDGE FOR CPL AND IR

The applicable items for each licence or rating are marked with 'x'. An 'x' on the main title of a subject means that all the subdivisions are applicable.'